File / dossier : 6.01.07 Date: 2020-11-18 Edocs: 6426138

Supplementary Information

Renseignements supplémentaires

Presentation from Canadian Nuclear Laboratories Ltd. Présentation des Laboratoires Nucléaires Canadiens Ltée

In the Matter of the

À l'égard de

Canadian Nuclear Laboratories, **Douglas Point Waste Facility**

Les Laboratoires Nucléaires Canadiens, installation de gestion des déchets de **Douglas Point**

Application to amend the waste facility decommissioning licence for the Douglas Point Waste Facility

Demande de modification du permis de déclassement de l'installation de gestion des déchets de Douglas Point

Commission Public Hearing

Audience publique de la Commission

November 25-26, 2020

25 et 26 novembre 2020



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Douglas Point Licence Amendment Application

Mike Gull | Vice-President, Environmental Remediation Management, CNL

November 25, 2020

Commission Member Document (CMD) 20-H4.1B 22-508760-130-000, Revision 0



Agenda

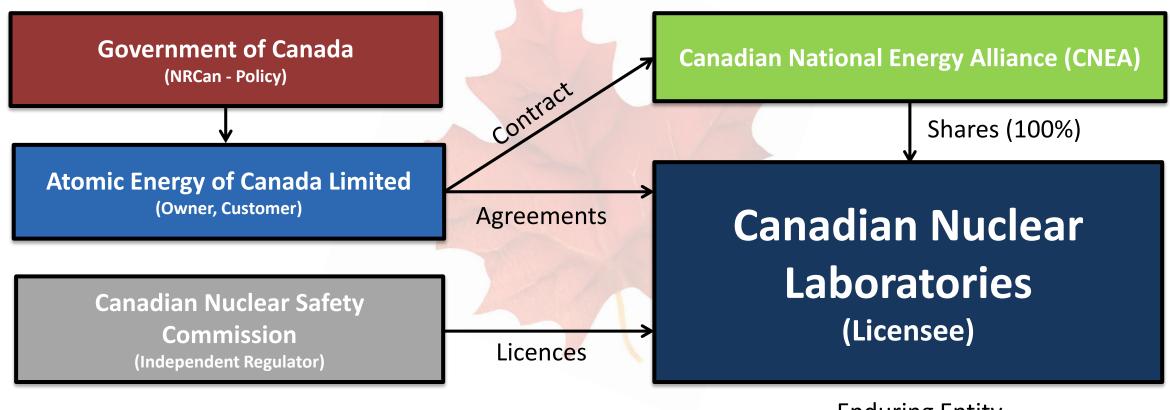
- Introductory remarks
- Storage with surveillance activities
- Proposed plans for proposed amended licence term
- Douglas Point Waste Facility regulatory performance
- Concluding remarks





GoCo Management Model

Operation of Canada's National Nuclear Laboratory



Enduring Entity



Canadian Nuclear Laboratories

Mandate

Reduce Government of Canada nuclear legacy and historic waste liabilities

Vision

To advance nuclear science and technology for a clean and secure world and to safely and cost
effectively reduce the federal legacy liabilities and associated risks

Mission

• Restoring and protecting Canada's environment by reducing and effectively managing nuclear liabilities



Canadian Nuclear Laboratories

CNL demonstrates an *absolute commitment* to safety and the environment!

CNL has *operated* safely during the current licence period and has *made improvements* that will continue to enhance safety.

CNL will continue to meet all regulatory obligations.



Experience and Expertise







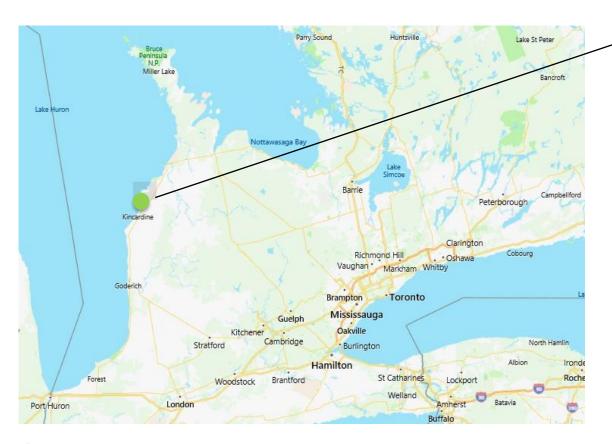






Douglas Point

Location of the Site



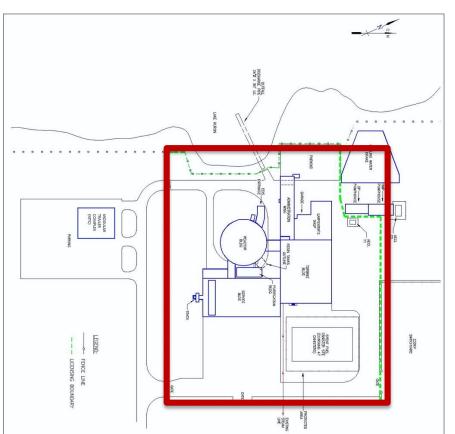




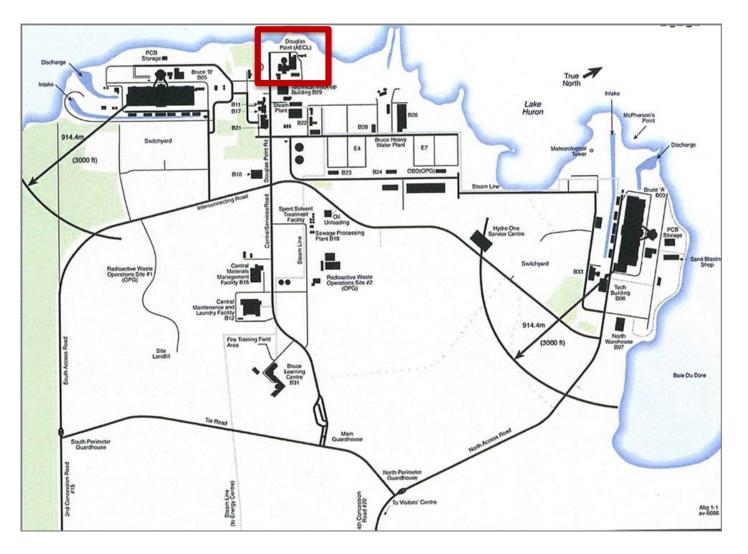
Douglas Point

Site Footprint

Douglas Point site



Bruce site





History and Path Forward

- Canada's first full-scale nuclear power plant
- 200 MWe prototype CANDU® reactor
- Produced electricity from 1967 1984
- Phase 1: fuel transferred to dry storage on site by 1987
- **Phase 2:** storage with surveillance (current phase)
- Phase 3: pending regulatory decisions, decommissioning is planned to occur from now until 2070







Licence Timeline

2014: CNSC issues one 20-year Waste Facility Decommissioning Licence for three of AECL's prototype reactor facilities

2018: CNL asks to administratively split 2014 licence Point licence

2019: CNSC issues Douglas Point licence based on continued storage with surveillance

2019: CNL applies to amend the current Douglas Point licence



Douglas Point

Circa 1970 and 2019







Canadian Nuclear Laboratories

Kristan Schruder | General Manager, Decommissioning & Environmental Remediation Site Licence Holder





Storage with Surveillance Activities

Monitoring, Maintenance and Hazard Reduction since 2014



Storage with Surveillance Activities



Reactor Building roof repair and access upgrade



Fire Protection upgrades



Storage with Surveillance Activities



Boilers



Spent Fuel Canister Area



Before: Purification Building roof repairs



After: Purification Building roof repairs



Hazard Reduction Campaigns





Spent resins removal (ILW)

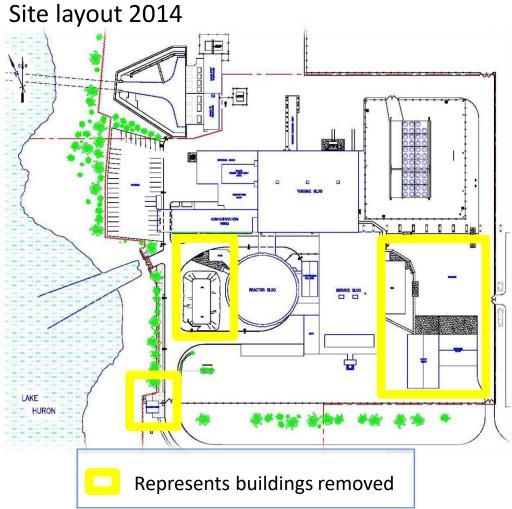


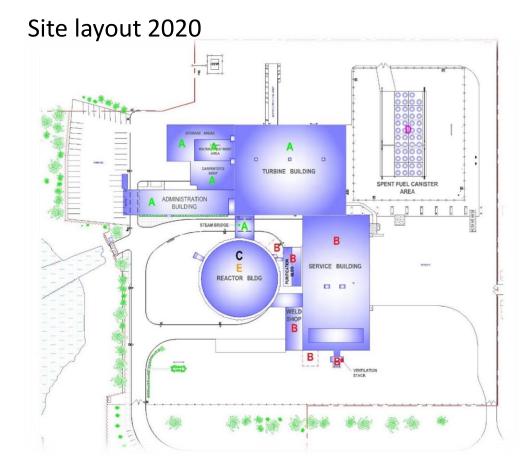
Legacy waste removal



Asbestos waste removal

Hazard Reduction Campaigns

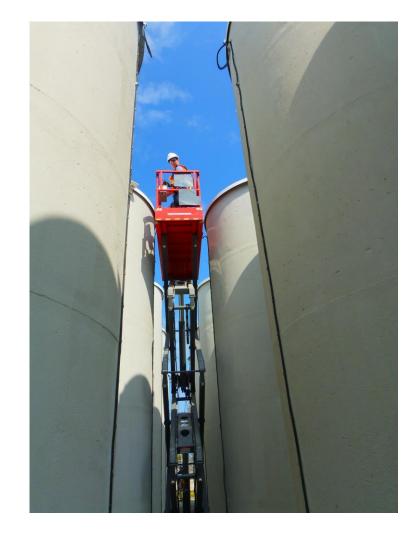






Regulatory Compliance Inspections

- 8 Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission compliance inspections
- 5 International Atomic Energy Agency inspections
- No significant issues identified







Proposed plans for Amended Licence



Maintaining Storage with Surveillance in Phase 3

Throughout Phase 3 CNL will:

- ensure the facility remains in a safe, sustainable, and secure state
- maintain systematic monitoring and inspection programs
- update life management program as decommissioning progresses





Future Hazard Reduction Campaigns

- Removal of asbestos containing materials and other designated substances
- Removal of operational waste and legacy waste from shutdown facilities/buildings





Detailed Decommissioning Plan

Volume 1: Program Overview

- First of six detailed decommissioning plans
- Provides an overview of each of the five planning envelopes associated with final decommissioning
- Provides an overview of the work in each planning envelope
- The work for each planning envelope will be detailed in subsequent detailed decommissioning plans
- Each detailed decommissioning plan will be required to be submitted to the CNSC for acceptance



Detailed Decommissioning Plan

Douglas Point Waste Facility Detailed Decommissioning Plan Volume 1: Program Overview

Douglas Point Waste Facility

22-00960-DDP-001 Revision 1

019 December

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Nucléaires Canadiens 286, rue Plant Chalk River (Ontario) Canada KOI 1JO

décembre 2019

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Douglas Point Decommissioning

Five Planning Envelopes

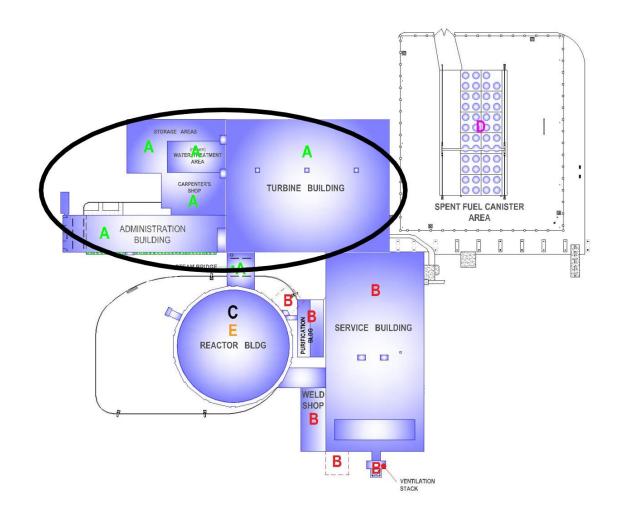
| Planning Envelope | Facility/Building/System | Nuclear/Non- Nuclear | DDP Volume |
|---------------------|--|-------------------------|------------|
| Planning Envelope A | Administration Building Turbine Building Ancillary Facilities East Steam Lines and Supporting Structure Steam Bridge | Non-nuclear | Volume 2 |
| Planning Envelope B | Purification Building Service Building Weld Test Shop Resin Storage Tanks and Vault | Nuclear | Volume 3 |
| Planning Envelope C | Reactor Building Clear-Out | Nuclear | Volume 4 |
| Planning Envelope D | Spent Fuel Canister Area | Nuclear | Volume 5 |
| Planning Envelope E | Reactor Building Decommissioning | Nuclear | Volume 6 |



Planning Envelope A

Non-nuclear Buildings

- Administration Building
- Turbine Building
- Ancillary Facilities
- East Steam Lines and Supporting Structure
- Steam Bridge





Planning Envelope A

Non-nuclear Buildings - Administration Building



Exterior



Interior

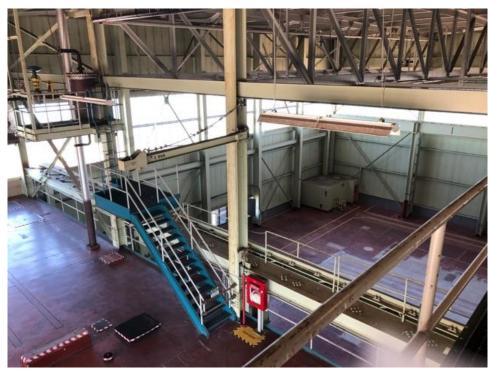


Planning Envelope A

Non-nuclear Buildings - Turbine Building



Exterior



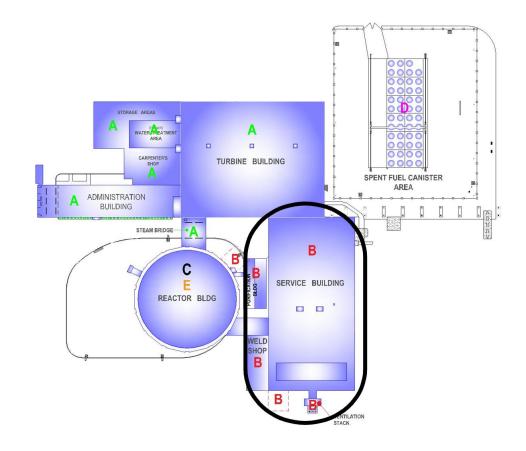
Interior



Planning Envelope B

Nuclear Support Buildings

- Purification Building
- Service Building
- Resin Storage Tanks and Vault
- Weld Test Shop





Planning Envelope B

Nuclear Support Building – Purification Building



Exterior



Interior



Planning Envelope B

Nuclear Support Building – Service Building



Exterior of the Service Building



Former fuel rod loading bay



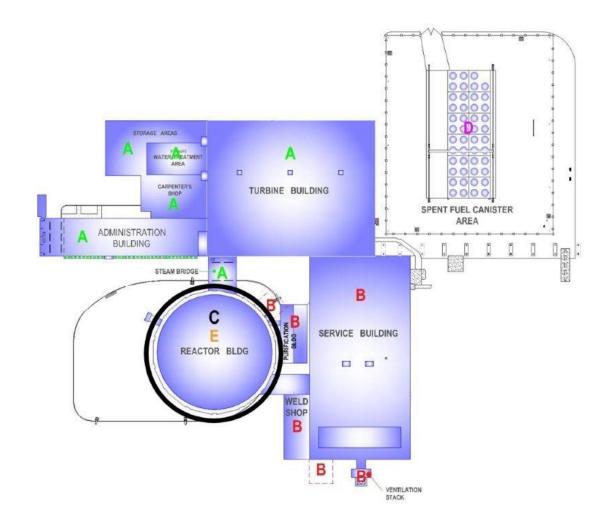
Reactor Building entrance



Planning Envelope C

Reactor Building Clear-Out

 Peripheral equipment and systems located inside the reactor building that supported the reactor operations





Planning Envelope C

Reactor Building Clear-Out



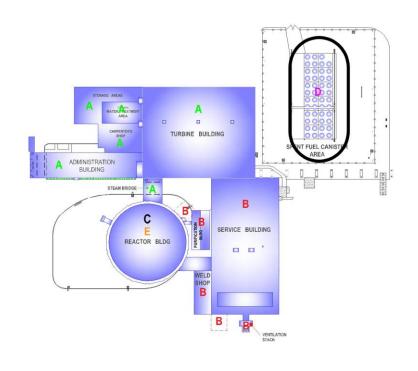


Images of the interior of the reactor building



Planning Envelope D

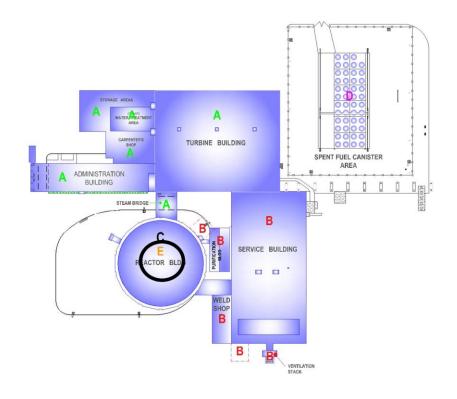
Spent Fuel Canister Area





Planning Envelope E

Reactor Building Decommissioning





Reactor face



Douglas Point Decommissioning

Revised Decommissioning Timeline

Planning Envelope

- Initial Plan 2021-2029
- Advanced by ~ 5 years

Planning Envelope B

- Initial Plan 2055-2070
- Advanced by ~45 years

Planning Envelope

- Initial Plan 2055-2070
- Advanced by ~40 years

Planning Envelope D

To be determined (future licensing)

Planning Envelope E To be determined (future licensing)

Strategy Considerations for Advancement of Timeline

- Potential impacts to the environment
- Doses to workers and the public
- Site configuration
- Existing/available waste management facilities
- Efficient management of nuclear legacy liabilities
- End-state objectives



Douglas Point Decommissioning

Example Ambient Dose Rates in the Reactor Building vs. Time





Douglas Point Decommissioning

Conceptual Schedule

| | | 1984 to 1994 | 1995 to 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 to 2029 | 2030 to 2034 | 2035 to 2070 |
|----------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Phase 1 | Safe Shutdown Activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Phase 2 | Storage with Surveillance | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Licence Amendment | | | | | | | | | | |
| PE-A | Non-Nuclear Buildings | | | | | | | | | | |
| PE-B | Nuclear Support Buildings | | | | | | | | | | |
| PE-C | Reactor Building Clear- Out | | | | | | | | | | |
| PE-D | Spent Fuel Canister Area | | | | | | | | | | |
| PE-E | Reactor and Reactor Building | | | | | | | | | | |
| Site Closure Activities | Final Survey and Close- Out Documentation | | | | | | | | | | |



Regulatory Performance

Douglas Point Waste Facility



Regulatory Performance

Safety and Control Areas

- Management System
- Conventional Health & Safety
- Radiation Protection
- Environmental Protection
- Waste Management
- Packaging and Transport

Other Matters of Regulatory Interest

- Engagement with Indigenous Communities
- Public Information Program



Management System

Current Performance

- Captures requirements of GoCo management model
- Management System ensures safe, effective and efficient conduct of work
- Applies to all activities across CNL
- Up-to-date, compliant and agile framework
- CNL Management System for decommissioning Douglas Point Waste Facility based on CSA N286-12
- Employee surveys support staff engagement and CNL's safety culture





Conventional Health and Safety

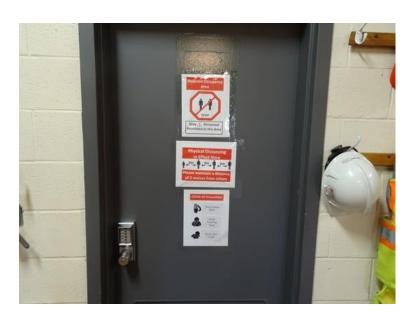
- No lost time injury or illness at Douglas Point Waste Facility
- Robust Integrated Work Control process and permitting system incorporating hazard prevention program



Conventional Health and Safety

CNL response to **COVID-19** pandemic

- Daily health screening for workers attending sites
- Mandatory face coverings
- Mandatory COVID hazards and precautions training
- COVID topic in daily pre-job briefs
- Physical distancing between workers
- Enhanced cleaning protocols
- CNL Executive Pandemic Committee







Conventional Health and Safety

Future

- Maintain updated facility-specific procedures
- Identify, assess and manage conventional hazards from routine activities and decommissioning projects
- Evaluate all future works for specific hazards
- Integrate external and internal best practices







Radiation Protection

- Successful implementation of the RP program no regulatory limits or Action Levels exceeded
- Highest annual individual whole-body dose remained well below limit





Commitment to Environmental Sustainability

CNL's Environmental Policy ensures that protection of the environment and sustainability are integral components of CNL's decision-making in all its business activities.



Current Practice

Effluent Monitoring Program in compliance with CSA N288.5 Effluent monitoring programs at Class I nuclear facilities and uranium mines and mills

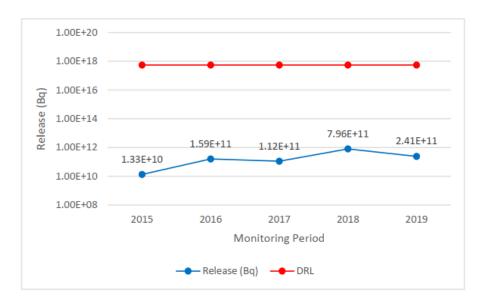
- Routine monitoring of tritium, gross alpha and gross beta
- Monitoring of carbon-14
- Checks under National Pollutant Release Inventory, Green House Gas and Federal Halocarbon Regulations



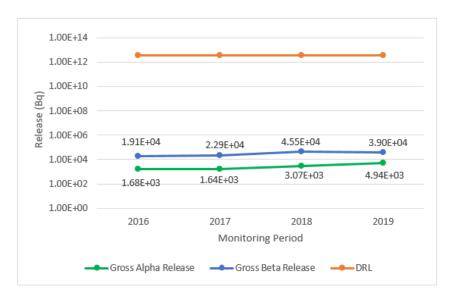


Airborne Releases

Douglas Point operated well within the parameters defined in its Effluent Monitoring Plan (<0.01 % DRL).



Tritium releases to air

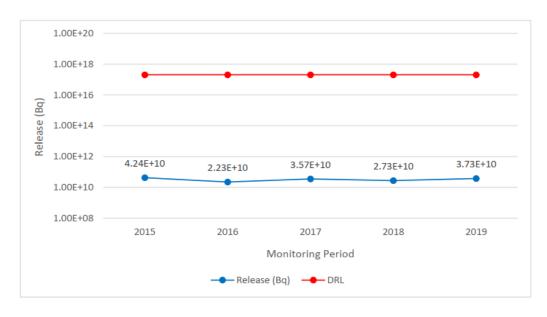


Gross Alpha and Gross Beta releases to air

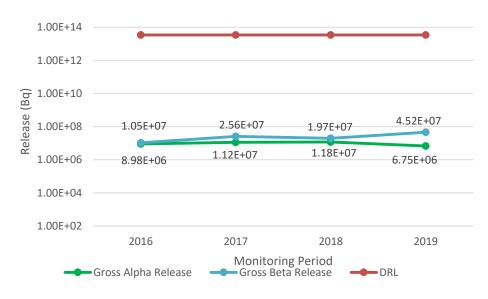


Waterborne Releases

Douglas Point operated well within the parameters defined in its Effluent Monitoring Plan (<0.01 % DRL).



Tritium releases to water



Gross Alpha and Gross Beta releases to water

Interactions with Bruce Site

- CNL will continue to provide the information to Bruce Power on waterborne and airborne releases for inclusion in their Environmental Monitoring report.
- Environmental Risk Assessment for Bruce Site includes Douglas Point





Future

Improvements to the Environmental Monitoring Program:

• Implementation of CSA N288.7-15, Groundwater Protection Programs at Class I Nuclear Facilities and Uranium Mines and Mills





Waste Management

Integrated Waste Strategy

- Waste lifecycle management across all CNL operated sites, including DPWF
- Baseline strategies for different types of wastes
- Provision of waste solutions to:
 - protect the environment
 - comply with regulations
 - assure health, safety and security
- Wastes will continue to be generated and managed in accordance with the waste hierarchy

Waste Hierarchy





Packaging and Transport

- More than 1 million packages of radioactive material are safely transported in Canada each year
- CNL has transported radioactive material for more than 60 years with no releases to the public or the environment
- 2014 to present:
 - 13 shipments of intermediate-level waste
 - 22 shipments of low-level waste
- 2020-2030:
 - 1 planned shipment of intermediate-level waste
 - 20 planned shipments of low-level waste







Indigenous Engagement

- Saugeen Ojibway Nation representing the Chippewas of Saugeen First Nation and the Chippewas of Nawash Unceded First Nation
- Two distinct Métis communities: Historic Saugeen Métis (HSM) and the the Métis Nation of Ontario (MNO) Georgian Bay Traditional Territory Consultation Committee



WASTE MANAGEMENT

CNL is committed to safe management and disposal of all waste at the Douglas Point facility. All waste will be sorted and managed according to the following categories.

Material that is not radioactive or is not a designated substance will be recycled or sent to a community landfill.

Designated substances such as asbestos or lead (that is not radioactive) will be disposed of off-site at specialized facilities that are licensed to handle this type of industrial waste.

Radioactive waste is divided into low level,

BUILDING UNDERSTANDING

CNL is committed to forging strong relationships with its neighbours, including Indigenous Peoples who have traditional territories near our operations. This commitment includes sharing information about our activities, as well as plans for the future—and then listening to what our neighbours have to say.

WHAT WE'VE HEARD SO FAR

During CNL's first meetings with the Historic Saugeen

PLEASE REACH OUT

If you have questions about the decommissioning, contact:

Margot Thompson at ERMStakeholder@cnl.ca

If you have questions about HSM participation as a community, contact: Chris Hachey at hsmlrcc@bmts.com

TO STAY UP TO DATE ON THE PROJECT AND UPCOMING EVENTS:

WWW.CNL.CA/DP

Indigenous Engagement

- Facility and site tours
- Meetings with representatives and technical staff/consultants
- Community specific webinar and mail out
- Funding, formalized participation and short-term contribution agreements signed



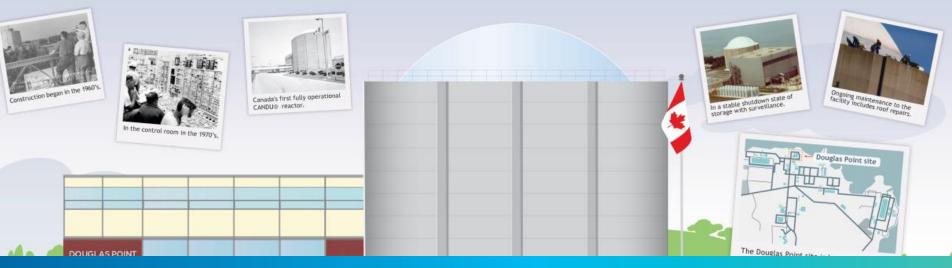
Decommissioning the Douglas Point Prototype Reactor

Canadian Nuclear Laboratories is planning to complete decommissioning by removing all structures and waste by 2070.



A Canadian icon

From 1967 until 1984, Douglas Point operated as prototype reactor, supplying electricity to Ontarians and proving that a CANDU® nuclear plant could be scaled up for commercial power generation, a legacy that helped Ontario get where we are today with roughly half our energy coming from clean, reliable, low-cost nuclear power.



Public Information Program

- Engagement with local government, public and media
- Special events
- Social media

- Virtual Open House
- Online webinars
- Advertising



Community Engagement

Since October 2019





Webinar: Douglas Point

Decommissioning - June 25, 2020

111 views



Get in touch

cnl.ca/DP

@CanadianNuclearLaboratories
@CNL_LNC
ERMStakeholder@cnl.ca



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Canadian Nuclear Laboratories

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CNL will continue to meet all regulatory obligations.



Achievement of Environmental Remediation

Douglas Point

- Enhanced relationships with the local public and Indigenous communities
- Reduced potential environmental impacts through achievement of remediation activities
- Improved site configuration to permit future decommissioning planning and execution
- Safe, secure and compliant management of nuclear legacy liabilities





Thank You. Questions?

