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145-CNNO-18-0027-L

Mr. Brian Torrie
Director General, Regulatory Policy Directorate
Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission
280 Slater Street
P.O. BOX 1046, Station B
OTTAWA, Ontario K1P 5S9

COMPLIANCE Regulatory Affairs

Dear Mr. Torrie:

## Comments on Draft REGDOC-2.1.1, Management System

Canadian Nuclear Laboratories (CNL) has reviewed the proposed REGDOC-2.1.1, *Management System* and has consulted with its industry partners to review the proposed regulatory document in detail to produce a set of comments, which are presented in Attachment A.

CNL appreciates the CNSC's efforts in drafting an information-only REGDOC document that refers to an existing suite of well-developed standards and does not introduce new requirements.

One of the major themes of the comments, echoed by our industry peers, is that wording from codes and standards should be referenced using identical language rather than paraphrasing of select passages, thus avoiding any possible tendency for imprecise interpretations and potential confusion. Even slightly-revised wording can generate uncertainty for both licensees and the regulator if CNSC personnel interpret the document as setting additional requirements.

CNL appreciates the opportunity to provide comments during the development of this regulatory document.

If you require further information or should have any questions regarding this submission, please contact me directly.

Yours sincerely,~

Solly Karivelil, Manager

Regulatory Affairs

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SK/mj

Attachment (1)



C. Williams

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>CR Licensing

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# Attachment A Canadian Nuclear Laboratories Comments on Draft REGDOC-2.1.1, Management System

#	Document/ Excerpt of Section	Industry Issue	Suggested Change (if applicable)	Major Comment/ Request for Clarification <sup>1</sup>	Impact on Industry, if major comment
1.	Preface	Industry appreciates the CNSC drafting an information-only REGDOC that refers to an existing suite of well-developed standards and does not introduce new requirements that can lead to regulatory uncertainty.  Slight wording changes to the Preface would reinforce this intent and make it clear that emerging issues related to management systems are best captured by revisions to N286, Management system requirements for nuclear facilities through the CSA Group's standard process.	<ul> <li>For enhanced clarity, industry recommends amending:         <ul> <li>The last sentence in the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph to read, " along with supplemental information on various and emerging issues related to management systems."</li> <li>The final sentence of the 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph to read, "However, it provides additional clarifications more specific direction for those requirements."</li> <li>The 4<sup>th</sup> paragraph to read, "Guidance contained in this document exists to inform the applicant, elaborate further on requirements or provide information direction to licensees and applicants on how to meet requirements."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	MAJOR	As an information-only document, consistent use of language is especially important to avoid misinterpretations.  Words like 'direction' can generate uncertainty for both licensees and the regulator if CNSC personnel interpret the document as setting additional requirements. This leads to unintended administrative effort to develop opinions or justifications on how to apply the information in the REGDOC for regulatory compliance purposes.
2.	General	Section 3.5 on Software Quality Assurance is a particularly clear, concise and well written passage. It properly refers to the relevant standards without attempting to state the material in new or slightly-revised words.	None. Industry believes this section is very clear in its language and intent. This is a good practice that should be emulated throughout the document.	MAJOR	Section 3.5 directly references the relevant standards, which avoids potential confusion and future configuration management issues. If applied to all other sections, this approach would further improve clarity and precision.



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3.	1.1 Purpose	To some readers, the 3 <sup>rd</sup> bullet might mistakenly infer that REGDOC-2.1.1 will be frequently updated based on emergent issues. As per comment #1, emerging issues related to management systems are best captured by revisions to N286-12 through the CSA Group's standard process.  Industry recognizes the CNSC's efforts to consider recent developments in management system standards when drafting this REGDOC. However, most readers will assume that to be the case and this bullet may unintentionally create	Industry recommends removing the 3 <sup>rd</sup> bullet.	Clarification	
4.	2. Management	more confusion than value.  The use of the term "core management"	For clarity, industry recommends	MAJOR	This slight edit would help preserve the flexibility of licensees to
7.	system Information	processes" is ambiguous and used differently by various licensees.	simplifying the 1 <sup>st</sup> sentence to read, "The CNSC expects licensees to adhere to all CSA N286-12 [1] principles as the basis of their management system and the corresponding core management processes."	WASON	develop the elements and processes of their management systems that best meet their business needs.
5.	2. Management System Information	The CNSC expects licensees to adhere to all N286-12 principles as the basis of their management system. Supplemental guidance material should be graded as well.	The CNSC is urged to include a statement that, as with <i>N286-12</i> , a graded approach may be applied to management system elements in the REGDOC depending on the safety significance and complexity of the work being performed.	Clarification	



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6.	2. Management System Information (and 3.1 Leadership)	can/csa-IsO 9001:15 is the proper reference for the document recognized as a national standard of Canada. It ensures the international document (if not already available) is also published in both official languages. When referencing it as a certification standard, it should be listed as ISO 9001:2015	For precision, change all references to CAN/CSA-ISO 9001:16 to ISO 9001:2015	Clarification	
7.	2. CSA N286-12 Structure and Principles	This section extensively references <i>N286-12</i> , but either paraphrases or does not quote the referenced passages verbatim. This increases the likelihood for confusion or misinterpretation.  For instance, the 2 <sup>nd</sup> sentence of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph says " licensees are expected to design, plan and control their activities in order to meet all requirements" The corresponding item from <i>N286-12</i> says, "The business is defined, planned and controlled." The words 'defined' and 'design' do not carry the same meaning.	This section is an excellent opportunity to enhance the document's clarity by following the good practice used in Section 3.5. For example, this section would be clearer if it simply referenced N286-12 Section 4.1.2 for the list of 12 principles and the Commentary document for N286-12 for further guidance.  Should the CNSC opt to retain bulleted lists in future drafts, it is urged to align the words precisely with those in N286-12. For example, the 2 <sup>nd</sup> sentence of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph should read, " licensees are expected to define design, plan and control their activities in order to meet all requirements"	MAJOR	Rephrasing or summarizing passages from referenced standards can lead to uncertainty for both licensees and the regulator. Unclear or imprecise language may lead CNSC personnel to interpret the document as setting additional requirements. In turn, this can unintentionally result in significant effort to justify how to apply the information in the REGDOC for regulatory compliance purposes.
8.	3.1 Leadership	This section also references a series of standards, but either paraphrases or does not quote the referenced passages	Once again, this section would benefit from following the example set in Section 3.5 and simply refer to the relevant	MAJOR	Rephrasing or summarizing passages from referenced standards can lead to uncertainty for both licensees and the regulator. Unclear or imprecise language may lead CNSC personnel to



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		verbatim. For instance, the bulleted list is similar, but not identical to, the IAEA's GSR Part 2, Leadership and Management for Safety: General Safety Requirements.  These differences, however slight, increase the likelihood for confusion, misinterpretation and the potential introduction of additional requirements from those in N286-12.	standards without attempting to state the material in new or slightly-revised words.  To enhance the clarity of Section 3.1, industry recommends the CNSC remove the bullet points, keep the opening paragraph and:  • Amend the final sentence in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph to replicate the words in section 4.13.b of N286-12 by saying, "Expectations of tTop management is expected to continually improve (by) periodically critically assessing the effectiveness of the management system to achieve the planned results." include making use of effectiveness reviews to continuously assess and improve its management system, as well as utilizing the latter to understand and promote a healthy safety culture.  • Amend the 3 <sup>rd</sup> paragraph to read, " have further elaborated on leadership expectations and requirements in recognition of the key role leaders have in an organization."		interpret the document as setting additional requirements. In turn, this can unintentionally result in significant effort to justify how to apply the information in the REGDOC for regulatory compliance purposes.



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			If bullets are deemed necessary, ensure the wording is identical to the source document.	,	
9.	3.3 Supply Chain	In keeping with this draft REGDOC's intent, industry believes the term 'information' is more appropriate than 'guidance' whenever possible.	Amend the 2 <sup>nd</sup> sentence of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph to read, "this standard can also be used as <u>information</u> guidance for the other classes of licensees with respect to the implementation of supply chain management processes and requirements for their suppliers."	Clarification	



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	2.2.4	The draft REGOC's definitions for	Harmania tha dafinad tarma far CECL ta	MAJOR	The change of common defined toward decrease weathernooned
10.	3.3.1-		Harmonize the defined terms for CFSI to	IVIAJUR	The absence of common, defined terms decreases performance
	Counterfeit,	counterfeit, fraudulent and suspect items	specifically align with the Electric Power		effectiveness between parties. The terms of this draft REGDOC
	fraudulent and	(CFSI) can be strengthened to harmonize	Research Institute, Inc. (EPRI).		are narrow in citing codes and standards and ignoring broader
	suspect items	with international agencies and			issue of legal rights of use and ownership. This is important
		departments.	1. Counterfeit items are items that are		since the TSSA Act and the Professional Engineering Act both
			intentionally manufactured or		identify liabilities and implications for public safety for the
			altered to imitate a legitimate		design which are uniquely tied to the Canadian Registration
			product without the legal right to do		Number (CRN) Owner. This means a design owner is
			SO.		responsible for the protection of the public and environment in
			(Examples of a counterfeit item include		the event of a component issue or failure. As currently written,
			one that has been fabricated in imitation		there is no relation in this draft REGDOC to legitimacy of
			of something else with purpose to		ownership and, therefore, weakness in the ladder of
			defraud by passing the false copy for		accountability for public safety. Areas of weakness include:
			genuine or original or an item copied		1. Misrepresenting themselves as the CRN Owner to TSSA
			without the legal right or authority to do		or ANI
			so.)		2. Using design or product information that was not
					legitimately provided to them
			2. Fraudulent items are items that are		3. Producing a derivative work based on unlicensed
			intentionally misrepresented with		information (see item 2)
			intent to deceive.		4. Remaking/profiting from design or product information
			(Fraudulent items include items		that was not legitimately provided to them
			provided with incorrect identification or		5. Reverse engineering a design or product owned by
			falsified or inaccurate certification.)		another company
			, i		6. Breach of patent or other IP mark
			3. Suspect items are items suspected of		·
			being counterfeit or fraudulent.		Underlying these definitions is the basic tenant that public
					safety and environmental protection can be compromised if a
			For consistency, this definition should		"fake" component or information finds its way into a power
			also be added <i>REGDOC-3.6</i> , <i>Glossary of</i>		plant. In other words, CFSI is trying to address safety concerns
			CNSC Terminology.		stemming from the potential failure of an item or erroneous
			c.icc re.minology.		information that impacts an item's ability to function during
					normal operations, abnormal or accident conditions. Therefore,
					the ability to pursue infringement must also factor in the



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					weight of law, which is not explicit in the definitions as written in this REGDOC, and which may compromise licensees and vendors in managing international supply chains.  Without the strength to shown causation to specific terms, a greater burden is placed on all parties to verify and validate information as being - or not being - CFSI. It also weakens the ability to leverage international cooperation from agencies like the US Office of Intellectual Property Enforcement Coordinator, which fosters alignment with a variety of US departments (including US NRC) and Canada (RCMP).
11.	4. Radiation Safety Oversight	This draft REGDOC is an informative document. However, this section includes several "should" statements which is inconsistent with the rest of the draft.	For clarity of intent, the CNSC is encouraged to reinforce the information-only nature of this REGDOC by changing the "should" references to "may," or other informative language.	MAJOR	Even though this is an information-only REGDOC, the frequent references to "should" could be misconstrued by some as requirements.