



CANADIAN NUCLEAR SAFETY COMMISSION

nuclearsafety.gc.ca



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Commission Secretary

Presentation to l'Union des municipalités du Québec May 16, 2018 – Gatineau, QC

The Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission (CNSC) Our Mandate

Regulates the use of nuclear energy and materials to protect **health**, safety, security and the environment

Implements Canada's **international commitments** on the peaceful use of nuclear energy

Disseminates **objective** scientific, technical and regulatory **information** to the public

Nuclear Safety and Control Act – clear, modern legislation

The CNSC Regulates All Nuclear Facilities and Activities in Canada...

Uranium mines and mills



Nuclear research and educational activities

Uranium fuel fabrication and processing



Transportation of nuclear substances

Nuclear power plants



(((1))) Nuclear security and safeguards

Nuclear substance processing



Import and export controls

Industrial and medical applications



Waste management facilities

From cradle to grave...

Independent Commission



- Quasi-judicial administrative tribunal
- Agent of the Crown (duty to consult)
- Reports to Parliament through Minister of Natural Resources
 - Commission members are independent and part-time
 - Commission hearings are public and webcast
 - Staff presentations in public
 - Decisions are reviewable by Federal Court

Transparent, science-based decision making

The CNSC's Regulatory Framework



Nuclear Safety and Control Act (NSCA)

enabling legislation

Regulations

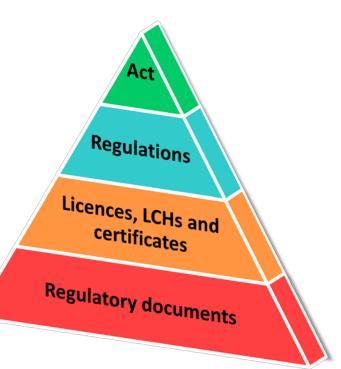
high-level and generally applicable requirements

Licences, licence conditions handbooks, certificates

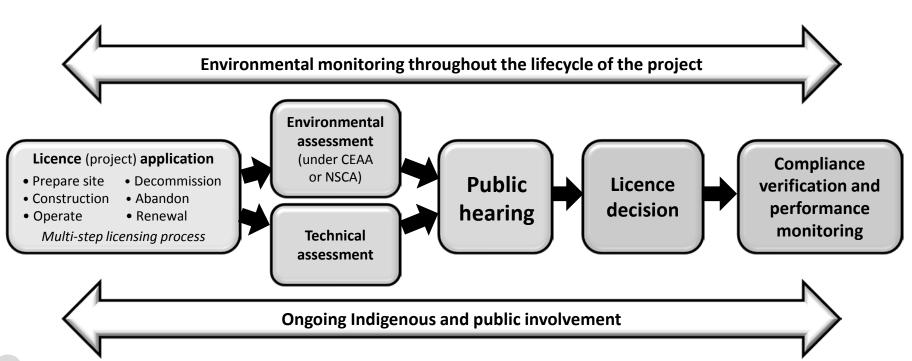
facility and/or activity specific requirements

Regulatory documents

include requirements and guidance



The CNSC's Regulatory Licensing Process



Safety and Control Areas

Management	Management system
	Human performance management
	Operating performance
Facility and equipment	Safety analysis
	Physical design
	Fitness for service
	Radiation protection
	Conventional health and safety
	Environmental protection
	Emergency management and fire
Core control	protection
processes	Waste management
	Security
	Safeguards and non-proliferation
	Packaging and transport

Safety and control areas are the technical topics CNSC staff use across all regulated facilities and activities to assess, evaluate, review, verify and report on regulatory requirements and performance.







Ensuring the safe operation of Canada's nuclear sites

CNSC Expert Staff Ensure...



The CNSC will only issue a licence if an applicant

- is deemed qualified to carry on the activity that the licence will authorize
- has demonstrated that they will protect the health and safety of persons and the environment
- has demonstrated that they will maintain national security
- has confirmed that they will adhere to international obligations to which Canada has agreed



- ~ 900 staff members
- 83% of staff have science-based degrees
- 400 compliance and licensing experts
- **115** active inspectors

...that licensees are in compliance with regulatory requirements

Chalk River Laboratories Site





- Chalk River Laboratories (CRL) has been present in Deep River,
 Ontario, for over 70 years with oversight
- Waste is already present on the site Canadian Nuclear Laboratories (CNL) has proposed a modern facility to manage it safely into the future
- Full-time CNSC staff and inspectors are onsite
- All aspects of the environment, including fish and water, are monitored by the licensee and CNSC staff
- The CNSC has conducted Independent Environmental Monitoring Program (IEMP) testing three times since 2012
- The CNSC is satisfied that the controls implemented by CNL on its current activities protect the Ottawa River from hazardous and radiological substances

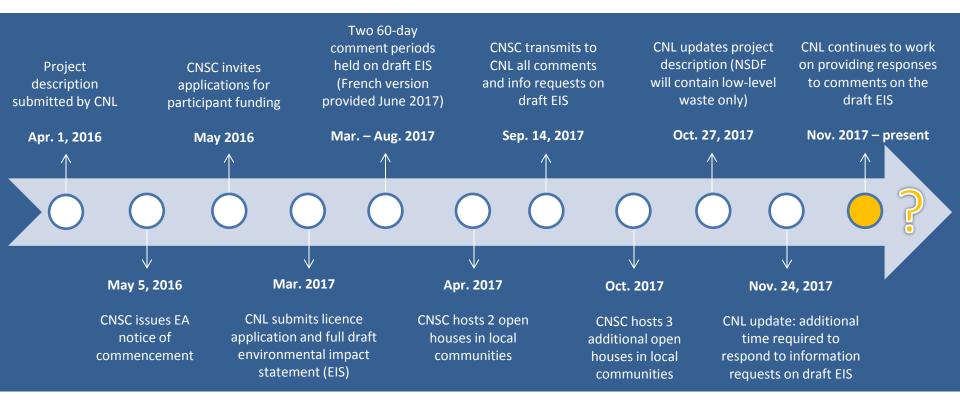
The IEMP results confirm that the public and the environment around the CRL site are protected

Proposal: Near Surface Disposal Facility (NSDF) Project



Chalk River Site, Deep River, Ontario

NSDF: Key Dates – Public Updates and Outreach



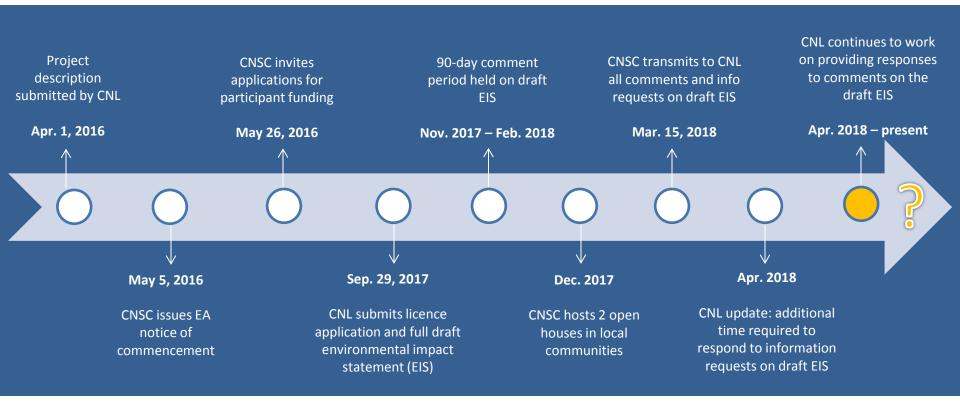
Timelines dependent on quality and completeness of information

Proposal: Nuclear Power Demonstration (NPD) Closure Project



Rolphton, Ontario

NPD: Key Dates – Public Updates and Outreach



Timelines dependent on quality and completeness of information

Public Review of Environmental Impact Statements (EIS)



- Over 275 commenters on EIS for both projects, including CNSC, government authorities, environmental groups, Indigenous groups, local communities and wider public
- Over 1,400 comments received, including more than 450 from CNSC and government authorities
- Participant Funding Program (PFP) applicants:
 - NSDF \$125,000 awarded to 9 applicants
 - **NPD \$155,000** awarded to 7 applicants



All comments can be viewed on the CEAA website

http://www.ceaa.gc.ca/050/evaluations/proj/80122?culture=en-CA http://www.ceaa-acee.gc.ca/050/evaluations/proj/80121?culture=en-CA

EIS: CNSC and Federal and Provincial Authorities' Comments



Key comments and questions raised on:

- waste characterization and isolation/containment
- facility design
- end state and anticipated length of regulatory control
- engineering barrier performance and safety
- grouting method (NPD specific)
- hydrogeological modelling
- environment and potential effects to air, surface water and species at risk

Federal and provincial review team for NSDF/NPD:

- Environment and Climate Change Canada
- Health Canada
- Natural Resources Canada
- Government of Quebec
- Ontario Ministry of Environment and Climate Change (NPD only)

Thorough review based on science and evidence

EIS: Public and Indigenous Comments



Key comments and questions raised on:

- proximity to Ottawa River and site selection
- potential contamination of groundwater
- long-term safety and worst case scenarios
- lack of baseline data and traditional knowledge
- waste legacy and characterization
- alternatives assessment
- alignment with international standards

The CNSC will only approve a project if safety is demonstrated

Next Steps: Further Engagement

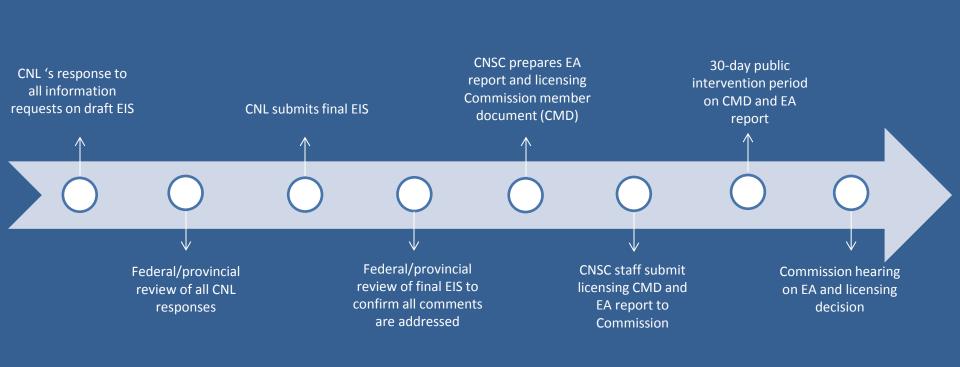


- If a project has satisfied the requirements of the EA and technical assessment, and the CNSC is satisfied with the safety case, the Commission will proceed to the public hearing stage
- The CNSC offers Indigenous groups, the public and stakeholders the opportunity to participate in its public hearing process



Enabling active participation to all interested parties

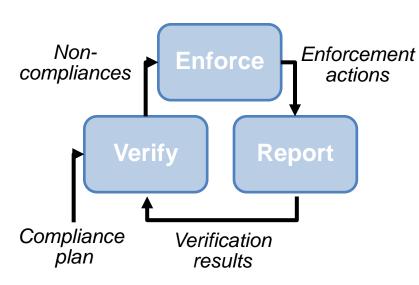
Overall Next Steps: EA and Licensing



Ongoing Compliance



The CNSC's role:



A strong regulator is present and active in ensuring that operators and licensees are fulfilling their commitments and primary responsibility for safety



- Onsite inspectors
- CNSC annual reports
- Annual regulatory oversight reports
- Independent Environment
 Monitoring Program
- Environmental risk
 assessment every 5 years
- Probabilistic safety
 assessment every 10 years

Strong regulatory oversight throughout lifecycle



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